



EGZAMIN CERTYFIKACYJNY Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO NA POZIOMIE B1

TEST PRZYKŁADOWY

Za cały egzamin możesz uzyskać 120 punktów

Egzamin trwa 120 minut

Do wszystkich części egzaminu dołączone są instrukcje. Przeczytaj je uważnie zanim przystąpisz do rozwiązywania zadań testowych.

INSTRUKCJA TESTOWA

Otrzymałaś/-eś książeczkę testową oraz kartę odpowiedzi.

ROZWIĄZUJ TESTY 1.1 (pytania 1 - 5), 1.2 (pytania 6 – 10) , 2.1 (pytania 11 – 15), 2.2 (pytania 16 – 20) 2.3 (pytania 21 – 25), 3.1 (pytania 26 - 35) NA

KARCIE ODPOWIEDZI W NASTĘPUJĄCY SPOSÓB:

- Do każdego pytania podane są dwie, trzy lub sześć odpowiedzi do wyboru, oznaczone literami a, b, c, d, e, f.
- Wybieraj za każdym razem jedną prawidłową odpowiedź .
- Możesz wykorzystywać książeczkę testową do zaznaczania odpowiedzi „na brudno”.
- Na kartę odpowiedzi nanieś **ostateczną wersję**, zaznaczając **dokładnie** wybraną przez siebie literę obok właściwego numeru pytania.

ROZWIĄZUJ TESTY 3.2 (pytania 36- 45) ORAZ TEST 4 NA KARCIE

ODPOWIEDZI W NASTĘPUJĄCY SPOSÓB:

- Wszystkie odpowiedzi wpisz **DŁUGOPISEM** na karcie odpowiedzi obok właściwego numeru pytania.
- Niniejszą książeczkę testową możesz wykorzystać do rozwiązywania testu „na brudno”.
- Test 4 możesz napisać „na brudno” na odwrocie strony tytułowej lub na pustych stronach książeczki testowej.
- Pisz **wyraźnie!** Nieczytelne pismo nie będzie brane pod uwagę!

Pamiętaj o takim zaplanowaniu czasu, aby wystarczyło go na wpisanie wszystkich odpowiedzi na karty odpowiedzi.

Test 1: Rozumienie ze słuchu pytania: 1-10 (20 pkt.)

1.1 Pytania 1-5 (10 pkt.)

Usłyszysz dwukrotnie krótki fragment wywiadu. Poniżej znajdziesz 5 pytań dotyczących tego wywiadu. Przed wysłuchaniem wywiadu zapoznaj się z pytaniami. Następnie do każdego pytania wybierz jedną z trzech podanych możliwości i zaznacz na karcie odpowiedzi nr 1 odpowiednią literą obok właściwego numeru pytania.

You will hear a short interview twice. Before listening to the interview read the 5 questions below. Then for each question choose the best option. Mark your answers on answer sheet 1.

1. Mike Kumlin
 - a) is a professional cyclist.
 - b) writes a cycling blog.
 - c) avoid cycling to work.

2. When Mike Kumlin was at college he
 - a) was very fit.
 - b) commuted by bike.
 - c) didn't exercise.

3. Mike Kumlin thinks that
 - a) he does not need to go to the gym if he cycles to work.
 - b) cycling to work is too far and therefore not possible.
 - c) going to the gym is better than cycling to work

4. As a result of a cycling accident, Mike Kumlin
 - a) broke a leg.
 - b) cracked his ribs.
 - c) injured an arm.

5. Since the accident, Mike Kumlin
 - a) is afraid of cycling.
 - b) no longer enjoys cycling.
 - c) has returned to cycling

1.2 Pytania 6-10 (10 pkt.)

Usłyszysz dwukrotnie fragment programu radiowego. Poniżej znajdują się stwierdzenia go dotyczące. Zapoznaj się z nimi przed wysłuchaniem. Następnie zdecyduj, które informacje są PRAWDZIWE (A), a które FAŁSZYWE (B). Zaznacz swoje odpowiedzi na karcie odpowiedzi nr 1.

You will hear an extract of a radio programme twice. Listen to the extract and decide which of the statements below is TRUE (A) and which is FALSE (B). Mark your answers on answer sheet 1.

6. Kate Bush is about to finish a concert tour. (a) True / (b) False
7. Tickets for Kate Bush's concerts sold quickly. (a) True / (b) False
8. Sam McAughtry died very suddenly. (a) True / (b) False
9. Sam McAughtry had a number of jobs before becoming a writer and broadcaster. (a) True / (b) False
10. Sam McAughtry did not go to university. (a) True / (b) False

Test 2: Czytanie pytania 11-25 (30 pkt.)

2.1. Pytania 11–15 (10 pkt.)

Przeczytaj opisy osób poszukujących mieszkania w Londynie oznaczone numerami 11 – 15 i dopasuj do nich odpowiednie ogłoszenia oznaczone literami A–F. Jedno ogłoszenie jest zbędne. Zaznacz swoje odpowiedzi na karcie odpowiedzi nr 1.

Read the descriptions of people who are looking for a place to live in London marked 11 – 15 and match them to property advertisements marked A – F. There is one extra advertisement you will not need to use. Mark your answers on answer sheet 1.

11. Josh, married with 3 children, likes comfort, peace and quiet.
12. Rick, single, student, has little money, needs good communication with the city.
13. Sandra, 28, single, works in a bank; likes cooking, wants to be safe at home.
14. Fiona and Gary, young couple with a young baby.
15. Kenneth, single young businessman; likes to keep fit and ride a bike.

A. One bedroom apartment, Canary Wharf, London. High quality interior with balcony, just two minutes walk from Langdon Park station providing direct link to central London. Rooftop terrace, gym and basement bicycle storage for residents' use.

B. Beautiful 2 bedroom house, Wimbledon, London. 2 large bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, small garden; located close to, shops, bars and restaurants.

C. Fantastic flat, Lambeth, London. Located near Tulse Hill station. Large sitting room, separate kitchen with cooker and fridge; 24hr on-site caretaker, CCTV security cameras. No children or pets, no students.

D. House, Stratford, London. Fully equipped house with 3 single and one double bedroom, two bathrooms. Situated in a quiet street next to Stratford Park.

E. Modern 2 bed apartment, Isle of Dogs, London. Spacious double bedroom and a lovely lounge area, perfect for family with no children. Located in secure development with CCTV monitoring; close to shops and bus station.

F. Smart studio flat, Notting Hill, London. Fully furnished, inexpensive studio with kitchenette, shower and WC. All bills included, free internet; very close to Bayswater tube station.

2.2. Pytania 16-20 (10 pkt.)

Przeczytaj uważnie poniższy list i odpowiedz na pytania, wybierając właściwą odpowiedź spośród trzech podanych możliwości. Zaznacz swoje odpowiedzi na karcie odpowiedzi nr 1.

Read the following letter and answer the questions by choosing one of the three options. Mark your answers on answer sheet 1.

Dear Sue,

I'm writing to you from a holiday of a lifetime. I have always wanted to visit America and see its beautiful national parks. And here I am with a group of friends in the Blue Ridge Mountains. We have been walking in the mountains since last Tuesday. Each night we sleep in tents. We carry our tents, sleeping bags, clothes, food and water in our backpacks.

When in the morning we look across the valley to the other side of the mountains, it is easy to see why they are called the Blue Ridge Mountains. The water in the early morning air forms a kind of fog. This turns the mountains a deep ocean-blue colour. Later, as the sun rises and it gets warmer, some of the water in the air disappears and the mountains slowly turn dark green.

It is beautiful here. We can see many kilometres across the valley floor. Yesterday we saw two deer. No hunting is permitted, so the deer do not seem to be afraid of humans. We watched them for several minutes. They were eating grass and then they slowly moved away.

Tomorrow we will try to walk at least thirty kilometres. It should not be difficult. We will spend two more days high in the Blue Ridge Mountains. Then it will be time to leave. It will be difficult to re-enter the world of cars, buildings, stores, computers, television and crowds of people.

I'll tell you more about my trip when I get home. I've taken lots of photos to show you.

Love from,

Kate

16. In her letter, Kate writes that she
 - a) met new friends in the Blue Ridge Mountains.
 - b) is having her first holiday abroad.
 - c) dreamed of this holiday for a long time.
17. Kate and her friends have been in the Blue Ridge Mountains for
 - a) about one week.
 - b) more than two weeks.
 - c) just a few hours.
18. In the Blue Ridge Mountains
 - a) it rains a great deal.
 - b) there is fog for most of the day.
 - c) the mountains change colour during the day.
19. The animals Kate saw in the park were
 - a) scared of people.
 - b) a danger to people.
 - c) not interested in people.

20. Kate

- a) wants to leave the mountains as soon as possible.
- b) will miss the simple life of the national park.
- c) misses television, computers and cars.

2.3. Pytania 21–25 (10 pkt.)

Przeczytaj krótki fragment artykułu i zdecyduj, czy stwierdzenia go dotyczące są prawdziwe (a), fałszywe (b) lub brak informacji w tekście (c). Zaznacz swoje odpowiedzi na karcie odpowiedzi nr 1.

Read the text below and decide if statements 21-25 are true (a), false (b) or if no information is provided in the text (c). Mark your answers on answer sheet 1.

Polly Strenham became a writer before she became a woman. She wrote her first play, *The Face*, at the age of 19. A year later it was performed at the Royal Court theatre and then transferred to the West End in London. The play received the kind of reviews that playwrights dream of. Strenham has been compared to Edward Albee and Tennessee Williams. She was so young, she says, that no one at the first reading of *The Face* realised she was the author of the play. She was a teenage girl, so everyone at the theatre thought she must be an actress.

The Face was an experiment. She was on the Royal Court's young artist course while she was doing an English literature degree at University College, London. She wrote the play because she was 'bored'. She knew it worked because after seeing the play everyone started crying 'I remember feeling really bad. I felt guilty'. When the play was performed, people wouldn't leave their seats for ages. She saw then that she had made it!

(Adapted from: The Sunday Times Magazine 25/05/2014:14)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 21. Polly Strenham was an actress before she started to write plays. | (a) True / (b) False / (c) No information |
| 22. Polly Strenham is a keen reader. | (a) True / (b) False / (c) No information |
| 23. <i>The Face</i> received very good reviews from the start. | (a) True / (b) False / (c) No information |
| 24. Polly Strenham finished her degree before learning to become a writer. | (a) True / (b) False / (c) No information |
| 25. At the end of the performance, the audience was always in a hurry to leave the theatre. | (a) True / (b) False / (c) No information |

Test 3: Użycie języka pytania 26-45 (30 pkt.)

3.1. Pytania 26 – 35 (10 pkt.)

Przeczytaj uważnie poniższy tekst, a następnie uzupełnij brakujące miejsca wybierając za każdym razem jedną z trzech możliwości (a, b, c) podanych pod tekstem. Tylko jedna odpowiedź jest w pełni poprawna. Na karcie odpowiedzi numer 1 zaznacz wybraną przez Ciebie możliwość obok właściwego numeru.

For each blank three options are given below the text. Read the text and decide which option (a, b, c) best fits each blank. Mark your answers on answer sheet 1.

British astronaut Tim Peake has asked schoolchildren 26) _____ a meal for him to eat in space. Major Peake has 27) _____ a competition to design a tasty meal for his mission to the International Space Station (ISS) to take place 28) _____ year. The judges will be looking 29) _____ fun and healthy menus that are "British".

30) _____ of the food sent up to the ISS is dehydrated and 31) _____ in vacuum containers. The crew 32) _____ add water and they often 33) _____ the food straight from the container. Astronauts often lose their sense of 34) _____. This is 35) _____ blood flows more quickly to their heads owing to the lack of gravity and this blocks their noses.

(Source: <http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/science-environment-26562918>)

	a	b	c
26	creating	create	to create
27	had	given	organised
28	next	last	following
29	from	for	on
30	Much	Many	Any
31	packing	packs	packed
32	then	than	when
33	eating	eat	eaten
34	smelly	smelling	smell
35	however	because	although

3.2. Pytania 36– 45 (20 pkt.)

Przeczytaj uważnie poniższy tekst i uzupełnij każdą lukę jednym słowem. Wpisz te słowa na karcie odpowiedzi nr 2. Pamiętaj o prawidłowej pisowni wyrazów.

Read the text and complete each numbered gap with ONE suitable word. Write your words on answer sheet 2. Make sure all the words are spelled correctly.

Computers will 36) _____ cleverer than humans by 2029, according 37) _____ Ray Kurzweil, Google's director of engineering. He thinks that 38) _____ 15 years, computers will understand 39) _____ we say.

Kurzweil, who is now 66 years 40) _____, is a leading expert on artificial intelligence. 41) _____ the end of 2012, Google offered Kurzweil a job to work on the company's next invention: a search-engine that knows us better than 42) _____ know ourselves.

Kurzweil invented things that changed 43) _____ world. In 1990 he predicted that before the end of the twentieth 44) _____ a computer would defeat a world chess champion. In addition to that, he predicted the importance of the World Wide Web at a time when it was only used by a 45) _____ academics.

(Source: <http://www.theguardian.com/technology/2014>)

Test 4: Pisanie (40 pkt.)

W tej części testu musisz wykonać OBA zadania.

Napisz oba teksty na karcie odpowiedzi nr 2 w oznaczonych miejscach.

You must answer BOTH questions in this part.

Write both of your answers on answer sheet 2.

4.1 Napisz e-mail do kolegi/ koleżanki z Anglii opisując pierwsze wrażenia z nowego mieszkania. Napisz swój tekst w ok. 70 – 80 słowach na karcie odpowiedzi nr 2 w oznaczonym miejscu.

Write an email to an English friend telling him/her about your new home. Write 70-80 words on answer sheet 2.

4.2 Udziel zagranicznemu koledze informacji jak dojechać na Uniwersytet z Dworca Centralnego w Warszawie. Napisz swój tekst w ok. 70–80 słowach na karcie odpowiedzi nr 2 w oznaczonym miejscu.

Write instructions for a friend from abroad who wants to get from the Central Railway Station in Warsaw to the University. Write 70–80 words on answer sheet 2.

THIS IS THE END OF THE TEST

EGZAMIN Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO NA POZIOMIE B1

ANSWER KEY

1.1. Pytania 1-5

- 1 b
- 2 c
- 3 a
- 4 a
- 5 c

1.2. Pytania 6-10

- 6 b
- 7 a
- 8 b
- 9 a
- 10 a

2.1. Pytania 11 – 15

11. D; 12. F; 13. C; 14. B; 15. A; zbędne E

2.2. Pytania 16- 20

16. c; 17. a; 18. c; 19. c; 20. b

2.3. Pytania 21 – 25

21. B; 22. C; 23. A; 24. B; 25. B

Test 3.1

26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
C	C	A	B	A	C	A	B	C	B

Test 3.2

36 - be

37 - to

38 – in, within

39 - what

40 - old

41 - At

42 - we

43 – the/our

44 - century

45 - few

Listening Script 1.1

Interviewer: Today my guest is Mike Kumlin, a blogger. We became friends thanks to his cycling blog. One topic Mike and I occasionally discuss is commuting by bike. Mike, when did you get into cycling?

Mike Kumlin: My cycling story started in the summer of 2009, right around this time I decided it was about time I got back in shape. In college I let myself go, stopped exercising, and only a few years later I realized I was totally out of shape.

Interviewer: When did you decide to start commuting to work by bike?

MK: A year ago when I first bought my bike. I was growing more confident on my bike and had some experience riding on roads. At this point I logged onto google maps to see just how far I live away from work. Turns out it is around 16 miles, so I was up for the challenge. I could skip the gym and get my workout from the ride.

Interviewer: How does commuting differ in your mind from other types of cycling?

MK: Commuting is my favorite type of cycling. Getting up early and being on the road before most people are awake lets me start the day off on a positive note.

Interviewer: Tell us about your scariest moment on a commute.

MK: That was when I was struck by a car. I hit the ground and my helmet cracked in half. I was briefly unconscious. It was a really scary moment to experience and I'm so grateful that I was smart enough to have a helmet on at the time.

Interviewer: Have you got back to commuting since the accident?

MK: At first I was VERY afraid to get back on my bike and didn't ride it down the road for about a month after the accident. This was partly because of my fears and partly because my leg was broken. But 2 months after the accident I was back on the road. You need to learn from your own experiences and stories like mine in order to be as prepared as much as possible. As long as you do that, commuting by bike is a really enjoyable experience.

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(Adapted from <http://lovingthebike.com/guest-post/loving-the-commute-edition-2>)

Listening Script 1.2

Here is our culture and entertainment news.

Kate Bush has announced her grand comeback with a series of London concerts. It is the singer's first return to the stage since The Tour Of Life in 1979. Tickets for the 22 concerts at London's Hammersmith Apollo went on sale at 09:30 GMT on Friday morning and sold out immediately. The star said she was "totally surprised by the response".

Demand was so high that ticket-selling sites crashed as people tried to log on. The BBC's Colin Paterson reported that tickets which cost of £135 were already being offered on the black market for more than £1000.

(Source: <http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/entertainment-arts-26786937>)

And from Northern Ireland a bit of sad news. Sam McAughtry, the famous writer and broadcaster has died after a long illness. He was born in Belfast in 1923. He left school at the age of 14. He later joined the Royal Air Force and worked as a civil servant before becoming a writer and broadcaster. He also served as a member of the Irish Senate. He wrote a series of books, including novels and biographies. He was 91.

(Source: <http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-northern-ireland-26785370>)

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